



Anti-Bullying Policy 2026 v3

Oxhey First School's Anti-Bullying Policy in respect of the Children First Learning Partnership has been discussed and adopted by the Local Advisory Board

Chair of Local Advisory Board:

Mrs W Parrott

Responsible Officer:

Oxhey Head of School- Mrs K Proffitt

Agreed and ratified by the Local Advisory Board on:

31.03.2026

To be reviewed:

February 2027 or earlier if required



**Oxhey First School
2026
ANTI-BULLYING POLICY**

A Happy Place to Learn and Grow

This policy is available on the school website, the shared staff area on the school network and on request from the Headteacher/Head of School in hard copy. It should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Child-Friendly Anti-Bullying Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Child-friendly Safeguarding Policy Poster
- Child on Child Abuse Policy including Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment between children
- E-safety Policy
- Single Equalities Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- SEND Policy
- PSHRE Education Policy

PRINCIPLE OF POLICY

To meet the requirements set out in the:

- The Children's Act 1989
- The Education and Inspection Act 2006
- The Equality Act

Oxhey First School seeks to provide a safe, secure and positive environment in which children can develop and grow making full use of the range of facilities available to them. In order to ensure a safe, secure and positive environment exists children, young people and the adults involved with them are entitled to be treated with respect and understanding and to participate in any activity free from intimidation.

THE NATURE OF BULLYING

Bullying may be defined as the intentional abuse of power by an individual or group with the intent and motivation to cause distress to another individual or group. It may be physical, sexual, verbal or psychological in nature. It may occur frequently or infrequently, regularly or irregularly, but it should be taken seriously even if it has only occurred on one occasion. Bullying is not a phenomenon which occurs solely between children. The above definition can also be seen to characterise some adult/adult, adult/child and child/adult relationships.

Bullying can take place between pupils, between pupils and staff, or between staff. It can involve individuals or groups and be face-to-face-, indirect or use a range of cyber-bullying methods. In more serious instances where adults abuse their power over a child or a child does over another child, bullying may be viewed as child abuse and should be seen within this context.

Different types of bullying include:

Physical – hitting, kicking, spitting, tripping someone up, stealing/damaging someone's belongings, etc.

Verbal – name-calling, insulting a person's family, threats of physical violence, spreading rumours, constantly putting a person down.

Emotional/psychological – excluding someone from a group, humiliation.

Racist – insulting language/gestures based on a person's actual or perceived ethnic origin or faith, name-calling, graffiti, racially motivated violence.

Sexual – sexually insulting language/gestures, name-calling, graffiti, unwanted physical contact.

Homophobic – insulting language/gestures based on a person's actual or perceived sexuality, name-calling, graffiti, homophobic violence.

Cyber-bullying- All areas of internet, such as email & internet chat room misuse. Mobile threats by text messaging & calls. Misuse of associated technology, eg. Cameras

We are committed to creating a stimulating, motivated and happy learning environment.

Not all aggressive behaviour is bullying. Behaviour which appears to be bullying may be exhibited by some children, especially very young children, without the intention or awareness that it causes distress.

Some individuals may feel they are being bullied, even when there is no intention from others to cause them distress. Such incidents of this behaviour should be taken seriously.

BULLYING BEHAVIOUR

Bullying behaviour is not a natural part of growing up and should not be seen as such.

Children and young people who bully are likely to experience difficult and unhappy relationships with both peers and adults and frequently need help to overcome these difficulties.

Children and young people who bully are unlikely to stop if they are not challenged.

OTHERS INVOLVED

Bullying behaviour does not just affect the victim and the perpetrator. Those who witness or know of bullying may live in fear that it will be their turn next.

Bullying promotes poor models of behaviour and may encourage others to imitate these models.

Children and young people who have been bullied in one setting may well become bullies in another.

Evidence has shown that bullying is a major concern for parents and children of all ages. Bullying is unacceptable behaviour and will not be tolerated at Oxhey First School.

Everyone in our school has a responsibility for the safety of others. All staff, children and young people are alerted to the fact that bullying can happen. We aim to provide and encourage a safe, listening 'no secrets' environment in which adults, children and young people feel free to discuss their concerns regarding bullying behaviour in an open fashion, on a regular basis whenever necessary. Our Child-Friendly Safeguarding Policy posters are displayed around school to remind pupils of what they can do/who they can speak to if they are worried about something.

AN OVERVIEW OF ACTION TO BE TAKEN IF BULLYING OCCURS

1. Make anyone who alleges they have been bullied immediately feel safe
2. Any incident will be investigated and appropriate action taken as part of the investigation
3. Incidents will be recorded and subsequent action taken where needed
4. Due consideration will be given to confidential issues
5. Parents will be informed
6. Action will be monitored and evaluated
7. Victims of bullying will be supported by staff and guided as to further action needed
8. Appropriate action will be taken when necessary to prevent further bullying taking place

To ensure the above actions take place swiftly and effectively, specific roles and responsibilities are as follows:

PREVENTION:

At Oxhey First School we aim to ensure that we promote an inclusive and supported ethos by:

- a general culture of positive behaviour/ positive whole school ethos/ respect focus;
- celebrating positive role models and behaviour through the behavior ladder system

- supporting children to develop social qualities through additional intervention
- regular awareness raising opportunities to communicate anti-bullying messages, policy and practice and to celebrate the success of anti-bullying work including pupils regularly reviewing our child-friendly anti-bullying policy;
- the role of the playground buddies led by Mrs Taylor and strategies offered by the mental health services team
- opportunities to promote equality and to acknowledge and celebrate diversity
- curriculum/other activities that raise awareness, cultivate a sense of responsibility and develop skills to respond to bullying, either as a bystander or as a target;
- curriculum/other activities that develop social and emotional skills; such as linking with the community and TIGER learning
- Classroom resources to support communication such as the emotion boards and worry boxes
- opportunities to engage children and young people in planning anti-bullying activities, promoting our child-friendly anti-bullying policy and in supporting their peers; eg through the leadership roles of the Playground Buddies and Sports Leaders
- appropriate levels of adult supervision so that children and young people feel safe around the site and can be confident that bullying behaviour will be seen and acted upon at all times;
- transparent systems for reporting incidents of bullying so that children and young people and parents/carers know who to turn to and confident that their concerns will be taken seriously and acted upon.

PARTNERSHIPS

The school works in partnerships with other schools and external agencies (including the Police, Children's Safeguarding Services and Health Services) to reduce bullying and promote safe communities.

The role of the Teacher

Teachers in our school take all forms of bullying seriously and will intervene to prevent incidents from taking place. They keep their own records of all incidents that happen in their class and that they are aware of in the school.

If teachers witness an act of bullying, they do all they can to support the child who is being bullied. All bullying behaviour is recorded and logged along with actions taken.

We teach the children about 'STOP' to help them understand the definition of bullying and what to do -several times on purposestart telling other people. This is an integral part of our child-friendly anti-bullying policy promoted by the Playground Buddies and Sports Leaders.

If, as teachers, we become aware of any bullying taking place between members of a class, we will deal with the issue immediately. We spend time talking to the child who has bullied: we explain why the action of the child was wrong, and we endeavour to help the child change their behaviour in future. If a child is repeatedly involved in bullying other children, we inform the head teacher and the SENDCO/Inclusion Leader. Support is provided for both the bully and the victim through appropriate intervention or specialist partners, for example Trailblazers. We invite the child's parents into the school to discuss the situation. In more extreme cases, for example where these initial discussions have proven ineffective, the Headteacher/Head of School may contact external support agencies such as Children's Safeguarding Services or the Police.

Training is available to all staff which will enable them to become equipped to deal with incidents of bullying and behaviour management. Personal training requirements will be reviewed as part of the staff performance management annual cycle.

Teachers will attempt to support all children in their class and to establish a climate of trust and respect for all. By praising, rewarding and celebrating the success of all children, we aim to prevent incidents of bullying.

The role of the Pupil

Without the support of our pupils we will not be able to prevent bullying. That is why our pupils will be consulted and will participate in the development, monitoring and review of anti-bullying policy and strategies. They create their own child-friendly anti-bullying leaflet. We want our pupils to feel confident that everything is being done to make school a safe and secure environment for them to achieve and learn. We want our pupils to feel that they are supported in reporting incidents of bullying and reassured that action regarding bullying will take place.

We expect that pupils:

- will not bully anyone else, or encourage and support bullying by others
- will tell an adult if they are being bullied
- will act to prevent and stop bullying, usually this is through telling an adult if they know or suspect that someone else is being bullied
- understand and follow the code – ‘STOP’ to help them understand the definition of bullying and what to do – several times on purposestart telling other people.

Pupils must recognise that being a “bystander” is not acceptable and understand how their silence supports bullying and makes them in part responsible for what happens to the victim of bullying.

The role of the Headteacher/Head of School

It is the responsibility of the Headteacher/Head of School to implement the school anti bullying strategy and to ensure that all staff (both teaching and non-teaching) are aware of the school policy and know how to deal with incidents of bullying. The Headteacher/Head of School reports to the governing body about the effectiveness of the anti-bullying policy on an annual basis.

The Headteacher/Head of School will ensure that all children know that bullying is wrong, and that it is unacceptable behaviour in this school. The Headteacher/Head of School will draw the attention of children to this fact at suitable moments. For example, if an incident occurs, the Headteacher/Head of School may decide to use assembly as a forum in which to discuss with other children why this behaviour was wrong, and why a pupil is being punished.

The Headteacher/Head of School will ensure that all staff receive sufficient training to be equipped to deal with all incidents of bullying.

The Headteacher/Head of School sets the school climate of mutual support and praise for success, so making bullying less likely. When children feel they are important and belong to a friendly and welcoming school, bullying is far less likely to be part of their behaviour.

The role of Parents

Parents who are concerned that their child might be being bullied, or who suspect that their child may be the perpetrator of bullying, should contact their child’s class teacher immediately.

Parents have a responsibility to support the school’s anti-bullying policy and to actively encourage their child to be a positive member of the school.

The role of Governors

The governing body supports the Headteacher/Head of School in all attempts to eliminate bullying from our school. This policy statement makes it very clear that the governing body does not allow bullying to take place in our school, and that any incidents of bullying that do occur are taken very seriously and dealt with appropriately.

The governing body will monitor the incidents of bullying that occur, and reviews the effectiveness of the school policy regularly. The governors require the Headteacher/Head of School to keep accurate records of all incidents of bullying and to report to the governors annually about the effectiveness of school anti-bullying strategies.

The governing body will respond within ten days to any request from a parent to investigate incidents of bullying. In all cases, the governing body will notify the Headteacher/Head of School and asks

him/her to conduct an investigation into the case and to report back to a representative of the governing body.

Monitoring and review

Owing to the sensitive nature of this policy the monitoring of its effectiveness takes place on a day-to-day basis by the Headteacher/Head of School, who reports to governors about the effectiveness of the policy on an annual basis, this will include the number of bullying incidents recorded and the school's response and actions.

Governors will analyse the information provided with regard to gender, age and ethnic background of all children involved in bullying incidents, referring to other related policies such as Behaviour and SEND Policy.

The school will review this policy annually and assess its implementation and effectiveness. The policy will be promoted and implemented throughout the school.

Version Control Table:

Version	Review Date	Changes Made
V2	09.02.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Date changes• Reference to the Child-friendly Safeguarding Policy Poster added to first section and in 'OTHERS INVOLVED' section of policy• Headteacher references now include Head of School reference
V3	07.02.26	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Date changes• 'Trailblazers' replaced with mental health services team• 'Children's Safeguarding Services' added to the 'role of the teacher' and 'PARTNERSHIPS' sections